

### Share of Women in Paid Employment in the Non-Agricultural Sector, 2002-2005

Indicator	2002			2003			2004			2005		
	F	M	T	F	M	T	F	M	T	F	M	T
Agriculture and Fishing Sector	18	89	107	24	96	120	27	101	128	31	105	136
<b>Non-Agricultural Sector:</b>												
Industry	231	1,418	1,649	258	1,866	2,124	271	2,092	2,363	312	2,447	2,759
Services	3,910	4,310	8,220	4,723	5,102	9,825	5,430	5,522	10,952	6,010	6,027	12,037
Not Stated	6	8	14	160	365	525	45	207	252	320	790	1,110
Total	4,165	5,825	9,990	5,165	7,429	12,594	5,773	7,922	13,695	6,673	9,369	16,042
<b>Share of Women in Paid Employment in the Non-Agricultural Sector (%)</b>	<b>41.96</b>			<b>41.69</b>			<b>42.82</b>			<b>42.73</b>		

Sources: National Insurance Board; Statistics Office, DEPS

Note: F – Female, M – Male, T – Total

### Proportion of Seats Held by Women in National Parliament<sup>1</sup>, 2000-2005

Indicator	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
<b>Total Number of Seats</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>19</b>
Number of Women	3	3	3	4	4	4
Number of Men	16	16	16	15	15	15
<b>Proportion of Seats held by Women in National Parliament (%)</b>	<b>15.79</b>	<b>15.79</b>	<b>15.79</b>	<b>21.05</b>	<b>21.05</b>	<b>21.05</b>

Sources: House of Assembly; Statistics Office, DEPS

Note: <sup>1</sup>House of Assembly is the term now used to refer to National Parliament in the TCI from 2006 (Constitutional Order 2006, August); prior to 2006 it was called the Legislative Council. Members were previously called Member of the Legislative Council (MLC) and now they are called Members of Parliament (MP).